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Gazette of the United States, and Philadelphia Daily Advertiser.

By JOHN WARD FENNO, N°. 119 Chesnut Street.

NUMBER 1914.] PHILADELPHIA: MONDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 5, 1798. [VOLUME XIV.

For SALE or CHARTER,
THE SHIP
MOLLY,

Burthen 4200 barrels of Flour, Philadelphia built, well found and fitted, and may be ready to receive a cargo in a few days—she is pierced 18 guns, and mounts 12 new six pounders, with small arms in proportion.

THE SHIP
DIANA,

Burthen 2,100 barrels of Flour, Philadelphia built of live oak and cedar, is pierced for fourteen guns, and mounts ten new four pounders, with small arms in proportion.

THE BRIG
AMAZON,

Burthen 1,300 barrels of Flour, New-England built, has lately been completely fitted, and may be ready for sea in a few days.

For terms apply to
NICKLIN & GRIFFITH.

Who have for Sale
on board sundry vessels at MARCUS-HOOK,
12,000 bushels of Liverpool fine salt
1,100 bushels of coals
286 crates of queens ware assorted
7 tierces of bottled porter
10 barrels of colenthard paint
4 do. of purple brown do.
a quantity of yellow ocre in casks
6 barrels powdered Venetian red paint
6 barrels mineral black do.
15 barrels Spanish brown do.
35 boxes of pipes
21 boxes white } HAVANA SUGARS
89 do. brown }
3,500lbs. prime cochineal
3 barrels New Orleans indigo
4 puncheons Jamaica spirits
26 bales of sail canvafs
379 sheets of copper, assorted from 48 by 24 to 60 by 48 inches
Two tubs raised still bottoms assorted
36 six pound guns 4½ feet, 8 cwt each
14 do. 4 feet, 1cwt and 4lbs each
50 barrels of gun powder
6 cases Manchester cotton checks
3 trunks muslins and shawls
14 cases muslinets, dimities and ginghams
28 chests coloured nankeens, muslinets, &c.
12 trunks printed calicoes
6 bales of white and coloured cassimeres
1 bale of course woollens
English nails assorted.
October 27. fri.&sat. tf.

For Sale.

THE SUBSCRIBER, intending to decline the DRUG BUSINESS, offers For Sale, the whole Stock of
Drugs and Medicines, Instruments, &c.
The shop is elegant, commodious, and sufficiently known for the extensive business done in the wholesale and retail line; the situation equal to any in the city, being at the corner of Walnut and Second streets. The whole, or any part of the Stock, will be sold, as will best suit the purchaser. The terms may be known, by applying to
JAMES MOORE, JUN.
Who has For Sale,

TWO
Sloops,

Well calculated for the river trade—
The PEGGY, about 30 tons burthen, Mulberry and Red Cedar frame, and remarkably stout, of an easy draught of water, rigging in good order.
The SALLY, about 30 tons, sails well, and in complete order for the lumber business.
☞ All persons indebted to the late firm of *Goldthwait & Baldwin, W. B. Goldthwait, Goldthwait & Moore*, or the subscriber, are earnestly requested to make speedy payment to
JAMES MOORE, JUN.
august 3 §

Ship Brokers.

This Establishment, commenced by the late Mr. Samuel Smith, will be continued by
ROW & SIMMONS,
WHO respectfully acquaint the Merchants, Traders, and Masters of vessels; that no pains or exertions shall be wanting to give general satisfaction. This business will be conducted at their Store, No. 107, South Water Street, near to the Custom House.
October 27 dtf

For Sale, or Charter,
THE DANISH BRIG

LOUISA,
NOW lying at Burlington, a very fast sailer.—For terms appy to
JACOB SHOEMAKER.
WHO HAS FOR SALE,
Her cargo, of about 2,000 bushels of St. Martin's Salt.
10 mo. 24th, '98 d&ot.

GEORGE DAVIS,
TAKES this opportunity of informing his friends generally, that so soon as the present sickness will admit it, he proposes to offer for sale, the most extensive collection of
LAW BOOKS,
he ever imported, or that was ever imported into the United States.—The late arrivals have brought him a number of extremely valuable and scarce BOOKS, and those expected, will greatly add to the quantity.
October 22. eod2w

Bank of the United States.
Philadelphia, September 21, 1798.
The public is hereby informed, that an Office of Deposit and Discount will be opened on Monday next, at the house lately occupied by SAMUEL RICHARDET, near the Market House in Germantown—where the business of this Institution will be transacted during the continuance of the malignant fever now prevailing in Philadelphia.
HENRY KUHL, *Assistant Cashier.*
september 22 d

Forty Dollars Reward.
LOST, on the road from Mount-Holly to Philadelphia, on Monday 29th October, 1798, the following NOTES, payable to the subscriber:

	Dolls.	Cts.
Elizabeth Norman, of June 29 1706, at 6 months, for	333	33
Do. same date, at 12 months,	333	33
Do. do. 18 months,	333	33
Jacob Norman, September 30 1795, at 60 days,	82	60
Thomas Potts, Sept. 16, 1796, at 60 days	900	
Joseph Doane, August 17, 1796, at 6 months	440	60
Do. same date, 12 months	440	60
Do. do. 18 months	440	60
M'Kean & Van Emburgh's note, dated November 9, 1796, at 60 days	1150	
Do. Nov. 16, 1796, at 60 days	1175	
Nathan Field, Nov. 4, 1796, at 60 days	850	
John Negus, December 5, 1796, at 60 days	805	89
Joseph Norman, April 26, 1797, at 60 days	340	
David Scull, July 18, 1797, at 60 days	56	98
John Perry, January 1, 1798, at 6 months	300	50
Do. do. 12 months	371	
Benjamin F. Garrigues, February 21, 1798, at one year	600	
Do. do. 2 years	600	
Do. do. 3 years	600	
Do. do. 4 years	600	
Wilson and co. note, May 8, 1798, at 30 days	100	
Row and Simmons, June 15, 1798 at 5 days	535	

Two Lottery tickets indorsed on the back John R. Taylor and John Clark.
There are some other Notes, Draughts & Orders of no use but to the subscriber.—Any person finding the same and returning them to Mr. Alexander Shiras in Mount-Holly, or to the subscriber, No. 55, North Water street, Philadelphia, shall receive the above reward and no questions asked.
Payment being stopped, they can be of no use but to the owner.
JOHN CLARK.
Nov. 1. dtf

UNITED STATES } ss.
Pennsylvania District. }
IN pursuance of a writ to me directed from the honorable Richard Peters, esqr. judge of the district court of the United States, in and for the Pennsylvania district, will be exposed to public sale, on Walnut street wharf, on Thursday the 8th of November next, at 12 o'clock at noon,

1 large new cable
1 do. worn do.
1 small do. do.
1 cable about 5 inches
1 old do. 5 do.
1 coil of cordage
2 do. of do. new
2 sounding lines of one hundred and fourteen, and fifty fathoms
1 main sail
1 fore-top-sail
1 main-top-sail
1 jib
1 main-top stay-sail
3 studding-sails
4 under studding sails
1 sun sail
1½ pieces of sail cloth
1 ship's bell
7 iron bound water casks
A demiraft or machine to press goods when loading
2 iron cranes
1 new flag
1 do. jack
1 pennant
4 copper kettles and lids
2 tea kettles
1 coffee kettle
A small copper pot & lid
4 compasses
A small anchor
36 casks of rum and about 12 casks of sugar.

The articles aforesaid being now on board the brig Specialaction lying in the port of Philadelphia, and district of Pennsylvania—The same having been saved from the wreck of the Danish ship Den Godehensight at sea, and libelled against for salvage.
WILLIAM NICHOLS, Marshal.
Marshal's office, Oct. 25.

A CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.
JOHN A. SHAEFFER, of Philadelphia, who has for a few years past been in the southern States, has had the effrontery to draw several Bills of Exchange on Timothy Pickering, Esq. Secretary of State, and myself, and by that means has defrauded a number of persons of their money, deceiving them by an exhibition of letters and papers with the names affixed of divers public characters and reputable merchants highly recommendatory of said Shaeffer; to one of these papers I find my name subscribed, but I do not know the man; these are villainous forgeries! To prevent further imposition, I have to request the printers of Newspapers in the United States to publish this for the benefit of their fellow-citizens. SAMUEL MEREDITH,
Treasurer of the United States.
Trenton, New-Jersey, }
October 24, 1798. }

DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, TO WIT:
BE IT REMEMBERED,
(L S) THAT on the twelfth day of August, in the twenty-third year of the Independence of the United States of America, Benjamin Smith Barton, of the said district, hath deposited in this office the title of a book the right whereof he claims as author in the words following to wit:
"New Views of the Origin of the Tribes and "Nations of America—By Benjamin Smith Barton, M.D. Correspondent Member of the Society of the Antiquaries of Scotland, Member of "the American Philosophical Society, Fellow of "the American Academy of Arts and Sciences of "Boston, Corresponding Member of the Massachusetts Historical Society, and Professor of "Materia Medica, Natural History and Botany "in the University of Pennsylvania."
In conformity to the act of the Congress of the United States, intitled "An act for the encouragement of learning by securing the copies of maps, charts, and books, to the authors and proprietor, of such copies during the times therein mentioned."
SAMUEL CALDWELL, Clerk, Dist. of Penn'
November 2, 1798.

To be Let,
An airy three Story Brick House,
ON the South side of Filbert Street, between Eighth and Ninth street, formerly occupied as the Surveyor General's Office.—Enquire at No. 111, Chesnut Street.
august 10 eo5t

NOTICE,
THAT the first Monday of December next is appointed for my hearing before a Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County, in the State of Pennsylvania, on an application for the benefit of the acts of this state providing for the relief of insolvent debtors, having at September term last presented my petition, with a schedule annexed, of all my estate real, personal and mixt, rights and credits, to be assigned for the use of my creditors.
ALEXANDER SUMRALL.
Nov. 2. 3t

To be fold or Rented,
THE subscriber's house, No. 78, Walnut street, with a cellar and two stables—Possession of the house will be given early in November—the stables and cellar immediately.
GEORGE MEAD.
October 24. §tf

Canal Lottery, No. II.
Considerably more than Half Drawn.
Draws twice a week, every Monday & Tuesday
TICKETS For Sale, Seven Dollars each, at WILLIAM BLACKBURN's Lottery and Brokers office, No. 64 South Second-street, where check books are kept for examination and registering in this, City of Washington No. 2. and Paterson Lotteries and information where Tickets may be had in most of the Lotteries authorised by law in any of the States of the Union.

STATE OF THE WHEEL.

One prize of	10,000 dollars	10,000
Five	4,000	20,000
Two	2,000	4,000
Nine	1,000	9,000
Nineteen	500	9,500
Forty-four	200	8,800

With a full proportion of the one hundred and of the fifty dollar prizes—the price of tickets will soon rise, particularly on account of the five 4,000 dollar prizes that remain in the wheel until the last day of drawing.
☞ Note, the business of a Broker duly attended to in all its branches at the above office
may 24 w&stf

HAPPY DISCOVERY.
A certain Cure for that alarming and dreadful Disorder
The Yellow Fever,
As well as any other dangerous putrid fever, fever and ague, and other inveterate and complicated diseases, by the use of the
POUDRE UNIQUE,
WELL known and patented in England, France, Poland, and all the capital cities in Europe, where the most astonishing cures have been effected on persons judged incurable by all physicians. In a Treatise printed in London, on the properties of this powder, by T. Seymour, M.D. late Chemist to his Majesty, there are stated two hundred cases, where this most valuable remedy has proved infallible, in *all kind of fevers, pleurisy, bloody flux, inverate rheumatisms, sciatica, apoplexy, palsies, yellow jaundice, ringworm, worms in children and in grown persons, whites, chronical head and stomach aches, hepatick and nephretical or stone cholic, the kings evil, scurvy and the most inveterate and complicated venereal disease.* It is likewise the best preparative for the small pox and measles; of the greatest utility for young as well as for elder ladies at the critical epoch of their life. The efficacy of this powder in several of the above diseases has been discovered by chance, and so it has been in the *yellow fever* last year, by Mr. Mahy, who cured several by administering only *two* of the said *powders*, and lost not a single patient which he undertook to cure, as proved and attested by the here annexed certificates, whose original may be seen at *Andrew Hadfeg's umbrella shop, No. 131, corner of Chesnut and Fourth streets*, the only place where these powders are to be had, with proper directions for the use of them.—*Price two dollars.*
The usefulness and certainty of this remedy being so great for so many dangerous disorders, any person wishing to be provided with those powders, will please to apply very soon, as the quantity at hand is not very large, and it is doubtful if for a long time, or if ever any other *genuine* will be imported, the secret remaining only in the hands of the inventor, in Europe, and never being communicated to, or discovered by any other person.
N. B. In the yellow and putrid fevers, this powder must be taken the second, or at least the third day.
We the subscribers, during the late sickness in this city, having taken the yellow fever, applied to Mr. Mahy for his medical assistance, we do hereby certify, that by a certain powder, called the *Poudre Unique*, we were perfectly recovered from the said fatal sickness, and from an experience of the happy effects of the above most valuable medicine, consider it our duty to make the same known, for the benefit of our fellow citizens.
Margaret Jones,
Mylus O'Connor,
Jesse Turner,
Christen Rebecca Dow,
Catherin Apple,
Ann Grover,
William Bills,
David Williams, carpenter,
William T Donaldson, mast-maker.
Mr. Mahy's well known Plaister, for all kind of wounds and sores, to be had at the above direction, No. 131, Chesnut street.
august 8 2awtf

Public Notice is Hereby Given,
PURSUANT to the act of Congress, passed on the 12th day of June 1798, entitled, "an act respecting Loan Office and final settlement certificates, Indents of interest, and the unfunded or registered debt credited in the books of the Treasury."
1st. That on the application of the creditors respectively, or their legal attornies at any time after the last day of December in the present year, the *principal sums* of the unfunded or registered debt of the United States credited on the books of the treasury, or commissioners of Loans will be reimbursed at the treasury of the United States.
2d. That interest upon the unfunded or registered debts aforesaid will cease from and after the last day of December in the present year.
3d. That the creditors respectively will be entitled on requisition to receive from the proper officers of the treasury, certificates of funded three per cent stock, equal to the arrearages of Interest due on the debts aforesaid prior to the first day of January, one thousand seven hundred and ninety one.
By order of the Board of Commissioners of the Sinking Fund,
Edward Jones, sec'ry.

Pennsylvania Hospital,
9 mo. 1, 1798.
NO person with an infectious disease, can be admitted into this house; it is therefore earnestly recommended to the citizens, not to send or bring any such patient to the gate, who is ill with the prevailing fever. Several persons having been sent here improperly, is the reason of giving this caution.
By Order of the Sitting Managers, } FRANCIS HIGGINS, *Stew'd.*

Wanted to purchase.
APPROVED bills on Amsterdam, for which cash will be given at the rate of thirty seven cents per Guilder. Apply to the Cashier of the Bank of the United States.
September 22d, 1798.

This Day is Published,
AND FOR SALE BY J. FENNO, 119, CHESNUT-STREET
AN ADDRESS
To the People of Maryland,
ON the origin, progress and present state of French aggression, with a sketch of the infamous attempts to degrade the Government of the United States, and some reflections on the late proceedings in Congress; written the last of April in the present year, by a Member of the House of Representatives. § june 11

FLOUR FOR SALE
By the Subscribers,
Deliverable at any of the ports on the Delaware—who have also on hand at their stores, a quantity of Bar Iron, Pork and Corn—Letters by the post will be attended to.
Levi Hollingsworth & Son.
august 28. dtf

FOR SALE,
SALISBURY.
A LARGE and well improved farm, containupwards of twenty-five hundred acres of level fertile land, remarkably well adapted to grass, and every kind of grain; there are now one hundred acres of Timothy meadow on it, perhaps not excelled, from which, I have cut this year between one hundred and eighty, and two hundred tons of hay; upwards of three hundred acres more of this land may be converted into meadow, equal to that already made, the greater part of which may be watered at a small expence. There are on this land, a commodious two story dwelling house, completely finished, with ten rooms and a passage, eight of the rooms have fire-places; a portico in front, fifty feet in length, and eight wide; a large paled garden, a well of excellent water in the yard, also a barn seventy-two feet by twenty-six, with sheds at the sides and ends, sufficient to hold sixty head of black cattle, a well constructed stable, sufficient to hold twenty horses; with every other building that may be convenient or useful for a large family; upwards of three hundred apple trees (just beginning to bear) of chosen grafted fruit, with a number of cherry, pear, quince, and damefon trees, upwards of two thousand bearing peach trees. About one fourth of the land is cleared, and under good fence; the pasture lands are well taken, with red clover and other valuable grass. The remainder is in woods and generally well timbered. The whole is well watered, having several constant springs; and two streams running through different parts thereof, on one of them is a small country grist mill, and a saw mill. The purchaser can have immediate possession, and may be accommodated with twenty valuable field negroes, with horses, black cattle, sheep, hogs, and every necessary farming utensil. Salisbury is situated in excellent neighbourhood, and remarkable healthy, is twenty-six miles by measurement from Alexandria, about twenty miles from Potomack bridge at the Little Falls, and not more than twenty-five from the city of Washington, and on the post road from Alexandria to Winchester. A small part of the purchase money, will be required in hand; one, two, and three years credit will be given for the remainder.
Mr. Zaccheus Collins of Philadelphia will give any gentlemen who apply to him an account of the situation of this place. For further particulars apply to the subscriber on the premises.
SAMUEL LOVE.
Virginia, Fairfax county
September 24, 1798. 1aw.

ADVERTISEMENT.
WHEREAS JAMES CUMMING & Co. late of the city of Philadelphia, merchants, have assigned over all their effects, real, personal and mixed, to the subscribers, for the benefit of all their creditors, who shall subscribe the said assignment within six months from the date hereof.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, to all persons who are indebted to the said estate, that they are required to make immediate payment of their respective accounts, to the Assignees, at their office, No. 62, Dock street, in failure whereof actions will be instituted for the recovery of such debts as are not discharged accordingly.
John Travis,
John Waddington, } Assignees
James Taylor,
Cornelius Comegys
august 18 mawft1D

For Sale, at the Stores of the Subscribers, on Walnut street Wharf,
195 casks of nails assorted
20 bales of sail canvafs, from No. 1 to 8
53 casks yellow ochre
15 tierces bottled porter, 6 to 14 doz. each
London particular } Madeira Wines
India market }
Teneriffe do. in hogsheads and pip
Old Port do. in hhds.
Empty Claret bottles
6 cases of Ginghams, Dimities, Muslinets &c. assorted for the West-India market
4, 10, and 9 inch cables and 10 coils of cordage
Writing slates, ink stands and presses
20 puncheons Jamaica rum
1 bale seaming twine
160 bundles sheathing paper
Nicklin & Griffith.
april 7 tuth&s1tf

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.
DESERTED from my Detachment at Bordentown this day, a Marine, by name *George Redman*, a Native of Ireland about 25 years of age five feet eight or nine inches high, dark complection, black hair tied; black eyes well made and quarrelsome, when in liquor is fond of singing—had on a blue seaman's jackett light pantaloons, cotton Stockings, round Hat, and had under his Pantaloons a pair of Nankeen Breeches.
Whoever apprehends and sends the said Deserter to the Marine Camp, shall receive the above Reward.
October 11, 1798 } HENRY A. WILLIAMS, Lt. Marines

FOR SALE,
The Cargo of the Schr. Sincerity
Benjamin Monteith Master, from Laguira,
CONSISTING OF
945 Fenegas of Cocoa
4000 lb. of Flora Indigo
210 Bales of Cotton
4 Packages of Goat Skins
By *Willings & Francis.*
No. Eleventh street.
july 2: dtf

Madras and Ventapaulem
HANDKERCHIEFS,
Searsaukers and Carradarries,
of the newest and most approved patterns, entitled to the drawback, just received,
AND FOR SALE BY
Alex. J. Miller & Co.
No. 64, South Front street.
may 18. §

SAMUEL PARKER,
BRASS and BELL FOUNDER.
No. 137, Mulberry street,
CONTINUES to carry on the *brass foundery business* as usual, where his former customers and the public may be supplied with castings for machines to any pattern, rudder braces, bolts, &c for ships.
It may be proper to add, that, as it has been reported he had declined the business, S. P. takes this means of informing the public that he is making arrangements to carry it on still more extensively, hoping thereby to comply promptly with such orders as he may have to execute
☞ *Bells*, of any size, cast for churches and other institutions; printers rules, &c.
October 26 eo 3t.

Public Notice is hereby Given,
THAT Proposals under sealed covers, will be received on the behalf of the United States until the twentieth day of October next, by Jonathan Jackson, Esq. at Boston, Massachusetts, Tench Francis, Esq. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and John Swann, Esq. at Baltimore, Maryland, for supplying the following articles of cloathing, for the army of the United States, viz.

FOR INFANTRY.
8,448 Hats,
504 Serjeant Coats
504 ditto vests
1,008 pairs do. woollen overalls
1,008 ditto do. linen ditto
2,016 ditto shirts
264 Musicians coats
7,680 Privates coates
7,944 ditto vests
15,888 ditto woollen overals
15,888 ditto linen ditto
31,776 ditto shirts
33,792 pairs of Socks
33,792 pairs of shoes
8,448 stocks of black leather
8,448 stock clasps
8,448 blankets.

FOR CAVALRY.
6 Musicians coats
26 Serjeant coats
26 ditto vests
104 ditto shirts
348 Privates coats
354 ditto vests
1416 ditto shirts
760 pair of Leather breeches
760 pair of stockings
760 pair of boots
380 Stocks of black leather
380 Stock clasps
380 Blankets.

1st. Every article shall be made of materials, equally good, and in form, or fashion, conformably to patterns for the same, sealed with the seal of the War-Office, and which will be deposited with the several gentlemen, empowered to receive the proposals, as above mentioned.
2d. Sworn Inspectors shall be appointed on the part of the United States, to examine and determine upon the several articles aforesaid, when the same shall be ready for delivery, with full power to reject every article, which shall not equal, in goodness of materials, or to be made conformably to, the fashion of the standard pattern for the same, and no allowance shall be made, for any article which shall be rejected by them, for the causes aforesaid.
3d. The proposals must specify the number of articles, and their kinds, which the party is willing to furnish, together with, the lowest prices for immediate payment in money, and also the prices, on the longest term, or terms of credit.
One third of each, and every of the several kinds of the above articles, to be delivered on the fifteenth day of December, one third on the fifteenth day of January, and the remaining third on the first day of March next; and the public will not be considered as bound to receive any of the aforesaid articles of cloathing, which shall not be ready for inspection, and delivery, at the periods agreed upon.
4th. The cloathing aforesaid will be received in the several states, at the places, and in the proportions following, viz. One third part of the whole at Springfield, Massachusetts, one other third at Philadelphia, state of Pennsylvania, or at Lamberton, state of New-Jersey, and one third at Baltimore, Maryland.
5th. No contract will be made, for a less number of each of the aforesaid articles of cloathing, than is requisite for a company, viz.

FOR THE CAVALRY.
4 Serjeant Coats
4 ditto vests
16 ditto shirts
1 Musician Coat
58 Private coats
59 ditto vests
236 ditto shirts
63 stocks
63 stock clasps
126 pair of leather breeches
126 pair of stockings
126 pair of boots
63 blankets

FOR THE INFANTRY.
70 Hats
4 Serjeant coats
4 ditto vests
8 ditto woollen overalls
8 ditto linen ditto
16 ditto shirts
2 Musicians coats
64 Private coats
66 ditto vests
132 ditto woolen overalls
132 ditto linen ditto.
264 ditto Shirts
280 pair of Socks
280 pair of Shoes,
70 Stocks,
70 Stock Clasps,
70 Blankets.
JAMES M'HENRY,
Secretary of War.
War Department, }
21st Sept. 1798. }

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.
DESERTED last night, a second time, from the Marine Camp, *David Luper*, a fifer.—He had when he went away, a plain blue jacket and vest, light-blue overalls, a round hat, which had been bound with yellow, and which he had ripped off in his first desertion, and a pair of new shoes. he is a Carpenter by trade, has grey eyes, sandy hair fallow complexion and a nitch in his upper lip. His back is still sore from a flogging he got a few days ago. He may be discovered by his fifeing, as he plays extremely well.
W. W. BURROWS Major Com. of the
October 17. Marine Corps.

Just imported in ships William Penn, Amiable and Jean, from London,

A quantity of Cannon, sizes 4, 6 & 9 lb. } with balls
Carronades, 12 lbs. } suitable.
Muskets, Musquetoons, Cutlasses and Pistols, for ships use } By the package only.
Rifled barrelled Guns, Fowling Pieces, and Horseman's Pistols,
400,000 Flints, chiefly for muskets, in kegs }
Regulation Light Dragoon Sabres, with Iron Scabbards, in cases of 50 each,
Light Cavalry Swords in Cases
Sabres, Swords and Cutlasses, with plated mounting
Ironmongery and Cutlery in casks, a general assortment—For Sale by

Thomas & Jno. Ketland,
Philad. October 25.

JAMES & RICHARD SMITH,

HAVE this day returned from the country to their STORE, No. 54, South Front street, where they have for sale, as usual, a large and general assortment of European and East-India

DRY GOODS,

most of which have now arrived and are landing, from the different vessels, from Hamburgh, London, Liverpool and Hull.

Their Customers by applying will find almost every article generally imported, and at as low prices for cash or credit, as they can be had elsewhere.

N. B A few Cases of Nurenbergh TOYS, a consignment, to be sold by the case only.
Philadelphia, Nov. 1, 1798. dtf

The Subscribers

HAVE JUST RECEIVED AN INVOICE OF

Choice Cheshire & Double Glouceſter *CHEESE.*

[Per the CHESAPEAKE from Liverpool.]

100 Boxes of Window Glaſs,
Of various sizes, per the JANE, from London.
They have also for Sale,
200 Casks of Refined Salt-Petre,
AND A QUANTITY OF
Fine CASTOR OIL.

James C. & Samuel W. Fiſher.
November 1 dtf

JAMAICA RUM,

A Cargo now landing at South ſtreet wharf,

FOR SALE BY
PETER BLIGHT,
Apply at Stores on the Wharf,
WHO ALSO OFFERS FOR SALE,
BRANDY, 1ſt and 4th proof
Madeira and Port WINES, &c. &c.
Nov. 1. dtf

Juſt Arrived,

In the Brig Eliza, from the Mediterranean, and now landing at Walnut Street wharf,

Fourth proof Brandy in Pipes.
Brimſtone.
An aſſortment of valuable DRUGS,
CONSISTING OF
Opium, Aloes, Cantharides, Camphire, Senna, Cremor Tartar, &c. &c.
Eſſences of Lemon and Bergamot
Writing paper
Sweet oil in bottles and flaſks
Olives, anchovies and capers
Juniper berries
ALSO.—Italian luteſtrings
Satins
Crapes
Umbrellas
Remaining on Hand,
St. Croix Sugars,
Claret in caſes
Old Madeira Wine of the firſt quality.

JAMES YARD.
November 3 §

ISRAEL PLEASANTS & Co.

No. 74, South Second ſtreet,
Have returned from the country; and have for SALE, as uſual, a large aſſortment of
DRY GOODS,

Imported in the laſt veſſels from Europe, conſiſting of articles principally ſuited to the preſent and approaching ſeaſon

They are determined to ſell off very low for caſh or ſhort credit.

Note. All perſons indebted to the late firm of *Samuel Pleaſants & Sons*, are deſired to make immediate payment to the ſubſcribers.

Iſrael Pleaſants & Co.
Nov. 2 d4w

FRUITS, WINES, &c.

MALAGA WINE, in butts
SHERRY ditto, in quarter caſks
BRANDY, in butts and pipes
SUN-RAISINS, in kegs
MUSCATEL do. in boxes
BLOOME do. in do.
SOFT SHELLED ALMONDS in ſacks
OLIVE OIL in boxes of 12 bottles
BITTER & JORDAN ALMONDS in boxes, &c.

FOR SALE BY
PETER KUHN,
No. 178, North Market ſtreet.
Nov. 2 dtot

The Subſcribers

Are now Landing—For Sale,
St. Croix Rum—Muſcovado Sugar
Red Port Wine,
In pipes, hogſheads and quarter Caſks.
Two thouſand buſhels of Salt,
Eighteen Iron Six pounders proved at Woolwich.

Philips, Cramond, & Co.
November 3 dtot

Laſt Notice to the Creditors and Debtors of John Shields.

THE firſt are requeſted to render their Accounts againſt him, made up to the 23d day of Auguſt, 1797, the date of his Aſſignment, that a Dividend may be promptly made. The laſt to pay off their Accounts, Notes, and Bonds, before the firſt day of December enſuing. Any that remain unſettled after that period, will be put into the hands of an Attorney at Law, for recovery.

DAVID M. SHIELDS,
Attorney, (in fact) to the Aſſignees and Truſtees of
J. SHIELDS.
Cheſnut-ſtreet, No. 22.
November 1, 1798. dtf.

FOR SALE,

A FARM on the road leading to State Iſland, within four and an half miles of Philadelphia, containing 45 acres in the higheſt ſtate of cultivation—25 acres of which is meadow, the remainder upland. There are on the premiſes, a new frame Houſe and Barn, with an excellent kitchen garden, containing a great number of fruit trees.—Immediate poſſeſſion will be given.

For terms apply to
Thomas W. Francis,
nov. 3. §

Juſt Imported,

Iron cannon, double fortified, Woolwich proof, with their carriages complete—3, 4, 6 and 9 pounders.
Carronades, Woolwich proof, with carriages, &c. complete—12, 18 and 24 pounders.
Cannon powder in kegs of 25lbs. each
Round, double headed, and canniſter ſhot
Patent ſheathing copper, bright, aſſorted 18, 20, 22, 24, 26 and 28 oz per ſquare foot, ſheets 48 by 14 inches, ſuitable for veſſels from 100 to 1000 tons
Copper nails, bolts and ſpikes
Boarding Pikes.
Common cutlaſſes
Gunners ſtores of all kinds
Tin-plates No 1—1-3 croſs boxes
Patent ſhot in caſks of 5cwt. each
London porter and brown ſtout, in caſks of 7 doz bottled.
Earthen ware in crates, aſſorted

For Sale by
SIMON WALKER,
Pine near 5th ſtreet.
October 29. co tf.

FOR SALE,

AT THIS OFFICE,

A FEW Copies of an intereſting Work, in French, entitled a Hiſtory of

The Adminiſtration of the French Finances,

DURING THE YEAR 1796.

Alſo, An Hiſtorical and Political View of the Adminiſtration of the French Republic, during the year 1797,—of the cauſes which produced the

Revolution of the 4th September—

And of the reſults of that Revolution.

PRICE 1 DOLLAR EACH.

Theſe two political tracts, are from the pen of the celebrated d'Ivernois, and contain a thouſand intereſting diſcloſures of the folly, venality and proſligacy of the different Uſurpers who have reigned in France during the latter ſtages of the horrible Revolution now pending in that miſerable and depraved country.
Nov. 3. §

PRINTING WORK,
Of Every Kind,
EXECUTED AT THE SHORTEST NOTICE,
At the OFFICE *of the* GAZETTE *of the* UNITED STATES,
Oct. 13. dtf.

The Subſcriber's Office

Being REMOVED from the COUNTRY, is now OPEN at the USUAL PLACE, No. 56, NORTH FOURTH STREET.

SAMUEL CALDWELL
November 1. 2td

ALL PERSONS having any legal demands againſt the eſtate of *William Perkins*, deceaſed, late of the city of Philadelphia, Tavern keeper, are requeſted to furniſh their accounts properly authenticated, and all perſons indebted to ſaid eſtate are requeſted to make payment to the ſubſcriber in Philadelphia.

LEVI HOLLINGSWORTH Adminr.
October 31ſt, 1798.

To Be Let,

For Six Months, from the firſt of November next,

A COMMODIOUS three ſtory brick houſe, with extenſive back buildings ſituated No. 153, South Second Street.—For terms apply to

JAMES LYLE.
South Seventh, near Cheſnut Street.
October 29 dtf

To Be Let,

And immediate poſſeſſion Given,

A COMMODIOUS Three Story Brick Houſe with convenient back buildings, ſituated at the north weſt corner of Third and Walnut ſtreets.—For terms apply to

Dr. THOMAS PARKE.
No. 20, South Fourth Street.
October 29 dtf

To Let,

THE houſe, No. 78, North Second ſtreet, with or without a ſtore and ſtable—The houſe is large and convenient; enquire of John Litle, No. 40, North ſixth ſtreet.
October 31. w&ſa tf

TO BE LET

And immediate poſſeſſion given,

A LARGE convenient, well finiſhed houſe, No. 215, High ſtreet, lately occupied by Doctor Wiſtar, with coach houſe and ſtables—Enquire of *WILLIAM SHEAFF.*
No. 168, High ſtreet.
Nov. 2. dtf

A French Claſſical & Mathematical SCHOOL.

WILL be opened on Monday the 22d. inſtant at that large commodious room formerly occupied by Mr. Leo in Norris's Alley, No. 15, nearly oppoſite the City Tavern; under the direction of Meſſrs. Smith and Chandler both of liberal education, and long experienced in their reſpective profeſſions—As they intend under the patronage of a diſcerning public, permanently to eſtabliſh themſelves in this undertaking, their whole ſtudy and attention will be devoted to the improvement of their pupils.—Theſe will be conducted upon the lateſt and moſt approved plans, through a complete courſe of academical ſtudies, or thoſe parts only that may be pointed out, as more immediately adapted to their particular views in life—Certain portions of their time will be aſſigned for geography, hiſtory, extracts, compoſition, and declamations in French and Engliſh, in order to form early habits of writing and ſpeaking with propriety—Viſits from parents and literary characters, tending to excite a ſpirit of emulation, will be gratefully received. The hours of ſtudy are from 9 to 12 A. M. and from 2 to 5 P. M.

They offer to tranſlate the Engliſh, French, Spaniſh and Portugueſe languages; and to draw in their proper modes and ſtile, all kinds of writing, whether legal, commercial, or epiſtolary.

The firſt Monday in November, they alſo propoſe to open an evening ſchool for French, book-keeping, ſurveying and navigation, of which they have a practical as well as theoretical knowledge. As a number of French gentlemen will attend, the ſtudents of their language, by continually converſing with them, as well as their teachers, will acquire, along with the principles, a facility of expreſſion.

AVIS AUX FRANCOIS :

Meſſ'rs *Chandler* et *Smith* ont l'honneur de prevenir M.M. les Francois, quils ſe propoſent d'établir une Academie en Norris alley, No. 15; preſque vis-a-vis la Bourſe; dans laquelle on enſeignera la langue Latine, Angloiſe et Francaiſe: l'Arithmetique, la tenue des livres, la Geographie, et les Mathematiques.

On fait auſſi toutes ſortes de traductions dans les dites langues: et donne lecons chez les particuliers.

Qu'on s'addreſſe a l'hotel de Mr. Vallette au coin de 4eme rue et Cherry alley.
October 17. eod tf

GLEANINGS
FROM LATE LONDON PAPERS,
CONTINUED.

MADRAS, Sept. 24.

Captain Packenham, having proceeded with with the Reſiſtance and Intrepid, Bombay cruiſers, to Coupong, the principal Dutch ſettlement on great Timor, the place was ſummoned, and ſurrendered on the ſame terms as Amboyna. (private property ſpared) and lieut. Froſt commanding the Intrepid, was to have been appointed Governor, and had taken a houſe on ſhore, and removed his baggage, &c. to it; an hour was appointed for Capt. Packenham to meet the Dutch Governor at the houſe of Froſt, to ſettle matters.—It appears that a plan was laid, that the inſtant Capt. Packenham ſhould put his foot on ſhore, the maſſacre of him, and all the Engliſh then on ſhore, was to take place; fortunately for capt. Packenham he did not go, but ſent his boats at this time there were in lieut. Froſt's houſe, himſelf, the ſurgeon of the Intrepid, Mr. Mercer, the purſer of the Reſiſtance, and the Dutch Governor. On the boat's touching the ſhore, a party of Malays ruſhed into Froſt's hall, and the ſurgeon's head was off in an inſtant. Mr. Mercer ſecured himſelf behind a bed, and eſcaped unperceived—two Bombay ſeapoys told Froſt, "ſave yourſelf, and we will fight:" he ran off, and had the preſence of mind to throw aſide his uniform coat, and in conſequence eſcaped; the poor ſeapoys were cut down, and their heads expoſed on pikes to their lamenting companions on board. Capt. Packenham immediately opened a heavy fire on the place, under cover of which he landed an efficient force, and drove the Malays off, leaving about 200 dead on the ſpot. Every thing was then deſtroyed, private as well as public, and the place itſelf was blown up.—We had about twenty killed in this treacherous affair.

LAW REPORT.

COURT of KING's BENCH.

GUILDHALL, July 13.

CHRISTIE *v.* SECRETAN.

This was an action upon a policy of Inſurance.

Mr Erſkine for the Plaintiff ſtated, that his Client having it in contemplation to ſend a cargo from Virginia to Bremen, cauſed a policy of Inſurance to be effected upon the Peggy from Virginia to Bremen. It happened however, that the Peggy could not ſail at the appointed time, therefore the cargo was ſhipped on board the Mercury, and the underwriters agreed that the Mercury ſhould be ſubſtituted for the Peggy. The ſhip ſailed from America, and was captured by a privateer from Nantz, into which port ſhe was carried and condemned for want of a *role d' equipage*. In this caſe, though there was a repreſentation to the underwriters that this ſhip was an American, yet there was no warrantry to that effect, and, in point of fact, the plaintiff paid the greateſt premium that was paid for the inſurance of veſſels of any nation for that voyage. The defence ſet up in this caſe was, that there having been a repreſentation that this was an American ſhip, it was neceſſary to give her that character, and it was further contended, that by her not having the *role d' equipage*, ſhe had not all thoſe neceſſary documents. When a man gave a warrantry that a ſhip was American, he was certainly bound to have on board all the papers which by the law of America were neceſſary to conſtitute her an American—but the law of America by no means required that American veſſels ſhould have this *role d' equipage*—quite the contrary. The queſtion then was, whether the French having taken this veſſel without the ſlighteſt ground, and having condemned her with equal injuſtice, this violation of the law of nations was to be conſidered as a proof of her not being American. He was aware by that general law which was known by the name of the law of nations, the deciſion of a competent court in one country was conſidered as binding in another. This was undoubtedly the caſe where nations gave force to that law by acquieſcing under it; but where nations differed upon the conſtruction of the law, and it was actually made the ſubject of warfare between them, (as was likely to be the caſe between America and France) then he could not conceive the deciſion of a court in one country as binding upon another.

By the law of America, this ſhip had every neceſſary document to prove her American, and therefore, he contended, that the Plaintiff was fully juſtified in repreſenting her as an American ſhip, and was conſequently intitled to the verdict of the Jury.

Mr. Bell proved the inſurance of the ſhip Peggy, and afterwards the alteration of the policy by the ſubſtitution of the Mercury inſtead of the Peggy.

Capt. Keown, who commanded the Mercury, proved that ſhe ſailed from America on the 20th May, 1797, and on the 22d June following was taken and carried into Nantz. The ſhip was American, and he had all the papers on board which were by the law of America neceſſary to prove her an American ſhip.

Mr. Gibbs for the defendant, ſaid, the facts in this caſe were very few, but the queſtion to be decided was very important. He was ready to admit, that in this caſe there was no actual warranty that the ſhip was American, but there was a ſtrong repreſentation to that effect. This veſſel was then bound to have ſuch documents as by the law of nations (not by the law of America alone) ſhewed ſhe was an American. A court of competent juriſdiction in France had decided that ſhe had not the neceſſary documents and it was not the province of an Engliſh court of juſtice to review or alter the deciſion of a French court;—on the contrary, they were bound by its judgement.

Mr. Gibbs was proceeding in his argument, when.

Lord Kenyon ſtated, that the queſtion in this caſe was the ſame or very nearly the ſame as that which was now under the conſideration of the court of king's bench, and therefore he recommended that it ſhould be made into a caſe, or a ſpecial verdict for the conſideration of the court.

The parties having aſſented, it was agreed to put this queſtion into the form of a caſe, or a ſpecial verdict if neceſſary.

Domeſtic Articles.

NEWBURYPORT, Oct. 26.

As a teſtimony of reſpect to our eſteemed and beloved Preſident, a number of the citizens of Newburyport, convened at Mr. Davenport's tavern, on Friday the 19th inſtant, and after partaking of an entertainment provided for the occaſion, the following toaſts were drank.

JOHN ADAMS, Preſident of the U. States—the firm and enlightened patriot, whoſe natal day we celebrate. May he receive the ſupport that his merits claim, from every friend to the intereſts of America.

Song, *Adams and Liberty*—three cheers.

GEORGE WASHINGTON—The ſtateſman, without ſuperior, and the warrior without equal.

Song, *Waſhington or Liberty.*

The Independence of the United States—what we gained in battle, we will never loſe by intrigue.

Song, *Hail Columbia.*

INCREASE SUMNER, Eſq.—The accompliſhed gentleman, the enlightened juriſt, and the dignified magiſtrate.

The American miniſters of foreign courts—may they ſupport the dignity of their government; yielding every thing to juſtice, but nothing to *menace.*

TIMOTHY PICKERING, Secretary of State—may incorruptible integrity, ever contraſt him with the mercenary Talleyrand and his contemptible coadjutors.

OLIVER WOLCOTT, Secretary of the Treaſury—may the revenues of the U. States, ever be under the management of an able and an upright Financier.

JAMES Mc. HENRY, Secretary at War—may he make ſpeedy arrangements to pay the tribute due to the French Republic.

BENJAMIN STODDER, Secretary of the navy—under his direction, may the the fleets of America protect her commerce from the ravages of unprincipled marauders.

The Army of the United States.

The Navy of the United States.

A firm Alliance of the Legitimate Governments of the world, againſt the ferocious principles and ambitious views of French Democracy.

The American Clergy.

The Citizens of Newburyport—may ſober induſtry and decent economy, enable them to aſſiſt their govergment in every emergency.

The Fair Sex of the United States—when their huſbands becomes ſanſculottes, may they wear the breeches.

The nations of the world in alliance with the United States.

SALEM, October 23.

Extract of a Letter from an American Gentleman abroad, to his friend in this country, dated

"LISBON, September 3.

"I have lately ſeen ſome Paris papers, which contain a charming *doſe* for the Jacobins. If any were capable of doing it, this is one that will ſtop their mouths, or at leaſt ſtick in their throats a little while.

"Jourden (De la Haute Vienne) reported to one of the Councils, a plan for furniſhing the government with a *ſtanding army* of a *million* of men! He ſays, the Republic being ſurrounded by Kings, who keep large armies, it becomes neceſſary for the French government to keep one alſo, in order to defend the *liberties* of the people againſt *eternal* violence.

"In one paper the Editor [mark this, *Editor of a paper*] inculcates the neceſſity of *ſevere reſtriction on the preſs*, in order to prevent the licentiouſneſs, which now ſo much prevails.

Thirdly, a Member of one of the Councils, (Bailleul) concludes, after a long harangue, that a *public debt is a public bleſſing.* It appears by the ſtatement of Citoyen Bailleul, that the Republic is in a fair way of enjoying that bleſſing: for he ſays, that during *ten* months (from September 1797) the *receipts* of the government did not amount to more than one *third* the *expenditure* for the ſame period!

"The reaſon of theſe things is obvious. *The people* muſt be prepared for new ſeverities. We ſhall ſoon hear that this ſtanding army is organized; that the preſs is more reſtrained (if poſſible) than at preſent; and that new taxes are impoſed. Theſe three have been ſtanding topics in the declamations of the Jacobins againſt our government; I ſuppoſe they will in turn form three articles of their creed.

"As you do not receive French gazettes in America now, perhaps it would not be amiſs to give theſe three facts to the public."

ALEXANDRIA, November 1.

Tueſday laſt, being the anniverſary of the birth day of our beloved and patriotic Preſident JOHN ADAMS, was obſerved in this town with military honors—The uniform companies of Militia; and the company of Silver Grays, went through a variety of manœuvres and evolutions, under the command of capt. George Deneale. After firing ſeveral rounds in evidence of their attachment to this good man, as well as to ſhew that they approbate his conduct rewards the inſidious French Directory, they retired in the evening with the utmoſt decorum and harmony.

A ſtand of colours, preſented by the reſpected conſort of our venerable Cincinnatus to the Company of Silver Grays, was diſplayed for the firſt time on that day; and, though a variety of incidents prevented their being entirely completed, they had a very elegant appearance—The colours are compoſed of white ſilk; the device is, however, on an azure blue ground. The Golden Eagle of America has a portrait of General Waſhington ſuſpended from its beak; in one talon a bunch of arrows, in the other a branch of Olive; and ſurmounted by 16 ſtars, indicative of the number of States—The Motto—"FIRM IN DEFENCE OF OUR COUNTRY."

AUGUSTA, October 18.

To the CITIZENS of GEORGIA.

AT a time when the ruin of our country is attempted by every act which depravity can ſuggeſt or villainy execute, it muſt afford peculiar ſatisfaction to the friends of order and good government to obſerve the unanimity which happily prevails among our citizens. But while we unite, let us not relax our preparations for the moſt vigorous exertions. 'Tis a well authenticated fact, that French agents have lately been ſupplying the Indian nations with arms and ammunition, and diſtributing to them preſents to a large amount, for the purpoſe of inciting them to commit depredations on the frontiers of Georgia and South Carolina.—Whether or not the Indians will be induced to engage in a ſcheme which muſt inevitably terminate in their deſtruction is yet uncertain—it becomes us, however to be prepared for any inconvenience or violence which may reſult from folly and indiſcretion.

POST OFFICE,

Philadelphia, 29th October, 1798.

LETTERS for the Britiſh Packet (for Falmouth) will be received at this office until Tueſday the 6th November, at 6 o'clock, P. M.

N. B.—The inland poſtage to New-York muſt be paid at this office.

☞ The Office of the Mayor of the City of Philadelphia, is held for the preſent at the State Houſe in the Court room. Oct. 18.

Eight Dollars Reward.

A ROBBERY was committed on the 17th inſtant, at the houſe of the ſubſcriber in the township of Solebury by two negro men,—they carried off a quantity of caſh; a pocket book, containing ſome valuable papers; wearing apparel, &c.—One of the negroes is a middle aged man, known by the name of John White, formerly a reſident of Philadelphia, has an impediment in his ſpeech—the other ſuppoſed to be a runaway, about eighteen years of age, of middle ſtature. Whoever ſecures the aforeſaid villains ſo that they may be brought to juſtice, ſhall receive eight dollars reward, or four for either of them taken ſeparately.

ISAIAH TUCKEMONEY.
Solebury, 10 Mo. 19th, 1798. ¶—3t.taw

Female Education.

JAMES A. NEAL'S School,
FOR THE TUITION OF
YOUNG LADIES,
Will re-commence on Monday, the 12th of November, at his School Room, No. 28, Carter's Alley.

☞ The Evening School
Will be opened, as uſual, at the ſame time and place.
November 3 eod3t

LAMPBLACK.

A quantity of Lampblack was left during the Fever, at the Office of the Gazette of the United States,—ſuppoſed through miſtake. The owner is requeſted to call and take it away.
Nov. 3. §

TO BE RENTED,

(And immediate poſſeſſion given,)

A LARGE three ſtory BRICK HOUSE, ſituate in Walnut-ſtreet—The rooms are commodious, airy and private—from which, and its central poſition, it is thought to be an eligible ſituation for a Public Office. For terms, enquire of *BENJ. W. MORRIS.*

Alſo. A commodious Ware Houſe, in Taylor's Alley.
October 29. gtaw2w

WHEREAS the certificate of two ſhares of the Bank of the United States in the name of *Samuel Amory*, of London, banker, No. 3182, iſſued in lieu of 11593, 11594, were forwarded from London by the Britiſh packet Counteſs, of Leiceſter, capt. Dodd, bound for New-York, which packet was captured by the French, and the ſaid certificate loſt; and for the renewal of which, application is made at ſaid Bank, and all perſons concerned are deſired to take notice.

CLEMENT BIDDLE.
Phila. Oct. 26, 1798. co6w

Notice is hereby given,

THAT application will be made to the treaſury of the United States for the renewal of the following certificates of ſix per cents funded debts, ſtanding in the name of *Jane Gabrielle Rigaud*, of Geneva, which were loſt from on board the Swallow Packet, Capt. Kidd, from Falmouth to New-York.

Dolls.
No. 3195. Reg. office 19th May '95, 1 cert. for 1000
13,181. do. 14th do. do. 1 do. for 3500
Willings & Francis.
October 24. eod6w.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT application will be made to the Treaſury of the United States, for the renewal of the following Certificates of Six Per Cent Funded Stock, ſtanding in the name of *John Carbonell*, of London, the ſaid Certificates having been loſt on board the Swallow Packet, Captain Kidd, from Falmouth to New-York.

No. 3072 1 *Cert. for* 2000 *dolls.*
2964 1 *do.* 5000
10,577 1 *do* 3000
Willings & Francis.
Philadelphia, auguſt 10. ao6w

AN APPRENTICE
TO THE PRINTING BUSINESS
Will be taken at this Office, if immediate application be made.
Nov. 1. 6t

John Haines & Wm. Jones,

BEG leave to inform their friends and the public, that they have commenced a Co-partnerſhip in the SADDLING BUSINESS, which will in future be carried on under the firm of
HAINES & JONES,
n Market ſtreet, No. 132, one door above the corner of Fourth,—where they preſume (at leaſt to hope) that their attention to, and knowledge in buſineſs, their determination to ſerve on the beſt terms, and their known attachment as Native Americans to the Government and Conſtitution of their Country, will entitle them to the encouragement of a generous public. Although they cannot boaſt of having acquired their experience in any part of Europe, yet they take the liberty of pledging themſelves, that their manufacture ſhall be inferior to none in this city.
june 26. tuthstf

By this Day's Mail.

BOSTON, October 29.

From France.

On Saturday, the brig Cyrus, capt. Edward Tyler, reached this port from Nantz; having passports of protection from the forts and privateers of the Republic. Joseph Woodward, Esq. who came passenger in the Cyrus, is the bearer of dispatches from the French Government; which were immediately sent on to the Secretary of State.

Mr. Woodward, furnishes the following Note, accompanied with the protectory passports.

Extract of a letter from the Minister of the Marine and the Colonies, to the principal Commissiaries, dated 24th Thermidor, 6th year.

"I remark Citizens, by the correspondence of the greater part of the administrators of the ports, that the Embargo, recently laid on the American vessels, has occasioned the detension of their crews. The intentions of the government must have been badly understood to have occasion d the adoption of a measure that appears to put us in an hostile attitude towards the United States. whilst its acts indicate, on the contrary, that it desires to maintain good intelligence between the two Republics. I recommend to you therefore, Citizens, to ordain as soon as you shall receive the present, the liberation of all the Americans who may have been considered as prisoners of war, in consequence of the Embargo laid upon their vessels."

(Signed,) E. BRUIX.

Mr. W. has also handed us the following particulars:—the public being already acquainted with the situation of our affairs in France, at the time of Mr. Gerry's departure from that country, it is only necessary to mention what has taken place since.

Mr. Dupont, late French Consul at Philadelphia, presented to the Directory a detailed memorial of the depredations of the French West India privateers, on the American Commerce, (about the time that Mr. Gerry left Paris,) which appeared to make some impression on the minds of its members, who pretended to have been ignorant of it, until that moment—but still the Embargo was not taken off, nor our Seamen then in prison, released from their confinement.

A few days after the sailing of Mr. Gerry, a large number of New-York papers reached Paris, by way of Bourdeaux, containing a great number of addresses to the President of the United States, with sundry acts and debates of Congress, which bespoke so much union of the people, wisdom and firmness of the government, that the long entertained hope of separating a free and happy people from the gonernment of its own deliberate choice, was then given up. About this time Doctor Logan, of Philadelphia, arrived in Paris, by the way of Hamburgh, who *found his way directly to some of the Members of the Directory*, and it appears by his MEMORIAL, that he confirmed what had but just began to be believed, that France had now but very few friends left in America. A few days produced the release of the American shipping and seamen, with an order to all the forts in the Republic to treat all Americans well that might arrive there; these measures were communicated to Mr. Skipwith, our Consul General in Paris, requesting that they might be communicated to the government of the United States, as soon as possible, and at his request, a letter of safe conduct or protection was granted for the brig Cyrus, to carry dispatches for the Secretary of State, of the United States.

[We hope the above will convince the few yet doubting Americans of the necessity of national defence. A government will never have it in its power to preserve *peace* with *honor*, until it has in its power to carry on *war* with *vigor*.—We warn our readers, however, not to trust to the tears of the Crocodile; from dear experience we have learnt that the French are not to be believed; we well know that their promises and their *piecrust* are alike made to be broken; and that the most solemn oaths of a nation, which has abjured its God, must necessarily be composed of more flimsy stuff, "*than dreams are made of*" If the directory are sincere in their advances towards a reconciliation, let them evince it by immediately indemnifying our merchants for the depredations of those pirates, whom they have commissioned, and with whom they have shared the booty. Let them also apologise for their insolence in rejecting our ambassadors. Let them do this, and we will then say, that the present government of France, amid the multitude of its crimes, has performed ONE *just and honorable action*. Yet even this one, like *Lot* in *Sodom*, will not be able to save them from destruction. Other nations will revenge, though we should forgive; and we are assured by a very respectable character, who has lately travelled through the interior of France, that two thirds even of the French themselves are in favor of the restoration of monarchy. Such alas! has been the *despotism* of *liberty*.]

Never perhaps since the existence of the United States, as a nation, have they been exposed to more imminet danger than at the preset moment. Threatened with ruin, by the insidious intrigues of a nation, who, devil-like, does not hesitate to stoop to the most debasing artifices, in order to accomplish her hellish designs, it behoves every good citizen—every honest man. to stand firm to his post, at this trying crisis, and wit inflexible fortitude, prepare to resist the shock which is meditated against his unoffending country.—The eyes of the devouring monster are upon us, it watches with fiend-like vigilance, our every movement, and should be stupid enough, to be seduced by the snares her late mild conduct has laid for us, we are gone forever. The fate of our elections will be the criterion, by which she will judge of the strength of her party.

We however trust, that such will be the wisdom of our elections, and such a spirit of UNION, ENERGY and AMERICANISM, will show itself at the next session of Congress, as will confound the dark design of our enemies, and arrest the admiration of our friends throughout the world.

PROVIDENCE, October 27.

The honorable board of commissioners which had been sitting for some time past in this town to ascertain the river St. Croix which is an eastern boundary of the United States, rose last Thursday.

It is said that their unanimous results, a boundary which will assign a large portion of the disputed lands to each party, and quiet all the actual possessors and claims of individuals.

Entire harmony is said to have subsisted during this lengthy and laborious * trial as well between the agents as the commissioners. This is the first experiment of compromising national disputes in this sumiary way, which has been carried into comlete effect.

For the credit of human nature, it is hoped that it may prove an useful lesson to the Europeans now at war, and lead to the establishment of a system of perpetual amity among all civilized nations.

* The papers in this case are said to constitute eight volumes in folio.

BALTIMORE, November 2.

Captain Claus Sibber, commander of the ship Carolus, bound from Hamburg to Baltimore informs us he was chased for 36 ours and boarded by a French privateer, ong. 24, 35, W. lat. 37, 11, N.—The privateer he thinks, must have been a Turk, (we think rather *really* French) for as soon as catain Sibber was on board the corsair, he was put into irons cross-wise for 48 hours, and while he suffered this treatment, he was robbed of all the fowls, ducks, sheep and hogs I had on board; they likewise robbed the cargo of a few pieces of linen.

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,

MONDAY EVENING, *NOVEMBER* 5.

The United States frigate, commodor Barry, arrived at New-Castle on Friday last, from a cruize. The commodore, who passed through town on Saturday morning, informs us, that he experienced a most violent gale of wind on the 21st ult. in lat. 34, long. 72 The frigate, we are happy to add, received no injury.

To the Managers of the House of Employ.

GENTLEMEN,

THE late distressing calamity which has visited our native city, has transmited to your care, a number of ORPHANS and other poor children, whom it will be your duty to bind out to sober persons of good character, who will feed them regularly, cloth them well, give them sufficient schooling, and teach them in useful trades and occupations, and who will moreover, use their endeavours to instruct them in the principles of religion and morality, that they may become useful members of religious and civil society.

It is expected of you to perform this important duty with great fidelity and care; and that you will never be too hasty in binding them, to save the small expence of maintaining them for a short time; for what is this to the public, in comparison to the loss it may sustain, by the injustice you may thereby do to one of its members?

If a child fail of obtaining a good trade by the neglect of his master—if his master is incapable of instructing him in his business—if his morals become tainted by the influence of a bad example—or, if by cruelty and hard usage, his young and tender limbs should be mutilated and injured—do you think the public will ever be compensated for the injury they receive, by a few pounds shillings and pence, which a too rigid œconomy has saved? certainly, they will not.

The laws have appointed you, Gentlemen, the guardians of these little children, to protect them from all such wrongs; you are to do the parent's duty to them. On you we therefore call! and you we beseech, by all the sacredness of the great trust committed to your care, that you do not bind out one of these children, until you have a perfect knowledge of the good character of the proposed master or mistress; and we entreat you, always to prefer those, who will see that they are kept in steady employ, without exacting unreasonable labor at their hands, in a business that will afford them a prospect of obtaining by it, a decent and comfortable living.

A. *to* Z.

Gazette Marine List.

Port of Philadelphia.

CAME UP.

Ship Roebuck,	Shewell,	Bristol
	Chesapeake, Webb,	Liverpool
	Cæsar, Howland,	Lisbon
	Betsey, Philips,	Bristol
	Commerce, Woods,	Liverpool
	Thomas, Woods,	do.
Snow Maria,	Kock,	St. Ubes
Brig Venus,	Grafton,	Bourdeaux
	Betsey, Junkins,	Nichola Mole
	Sweculation, Wieling,	St. Ubes
	Grace, Edwards,	Amsterdam
Schr. Maria,	Brown,	Havanna
	Little Will, Watson,	do.
Sloop Nalby,	Cox,	Martinique

ARRIVED. DAYS

Ship Charlotte, Dahken, Bremen 91

Arrived at New-castle on Saturday.

Sloop Union, Hawkins, Charleston 12

Sailed on Friday.

Ship Pigon, Green, India

Arethusa, M, Keowan, Cork

Arrived. Days

Brig Tryphena, Griffing, Bordeaux 45

George, Hardinge, Havanna 31

Sch. Maria Matilda, Morse, Do. 12

Amy, Cushing, Curacoa 35

The Maria Matilda sailed from Havanna in company with the schr. Peggy, Neide, and schr. Peggy, Creighton, for Baltimore; the Danish ship Neutrality, Sprigg, for Europe, and a Danish schooner for St. Thomas.—Left there the

Ship Abigail, Kane of Baltimore, brig Maria, Woodward, Philadelphia to sail the the 21st. Eliza, Talbot, do. Ship Citizen. ——, N. York, to sail 1st of November with about 20 sail under convoy. Schr. Daphne, Ripley, Philadelphia, do. 21st, ——, Daniels, Baltimore. do. Sisters, ——, Norfolk, do. Sloop Sally and Jane; Matthews, Philadelphia. Sally, Hammond, do. and many others.

The ship Fair American, Brewer, from Philadelphia to the Havanna is captured and sent into Cape Francois, part of the crew arrived at Havanna in the schooner Massachusetts. Captain Moore saw the United States frigate on Tuesday near Chincoteague.

Captain Cushing left at Curacoa the 22d ult. Ship Diana, Hamilton, of New-York; brig Fanny, Baltimore, bound to La Guira, on trial; Maryland, Roxborough, do. from La Guira; schr. Polly, Haley, Galloway, Richmond, do Eagle, Goodhue, Newburyport, do; Lemmon. Smith, Beverly, condemned; Dolphin, Downs, New-York, do; Polly, Clark, Barcelona, do. Poll, Higgins, Philadelphia, do; Nancy, Laurence, N. York, to sail in 10 days.

Capt. Cushing informs that all the ports on the Spanish main are shut, and had been for three weeks previous to his sailing against all vessels but Spanish. Flour was selling at 12 dollars at Curacoa.

Boston, October 27.

Arrived, ship Financier, Clark, Arch-Angel 44 days. Sailed in co with capt's Wheatland of Salem, Dowling of do. Left there captain Smith of Salem. On Tuesday last, spoke the ships Sultan and John Jay, from Boston bound out. The Financier on anchoring saluted the town with a federal discharge.

Same day brig Cyrus, capt Tyler, 41 days from Nantz. Left there ship Rose, of Gloucester; American Hero of Newyork; barque Negociator of Boston. Spoke Oct 16, lat 41, long 63, Alensa, Davis, bound to Bilboa. Oct 20, long 58, lat 42, brig Joseph, from New-Bedford, 28 days out.

Same day arrived, sch Rebecca, Vincents, Surinam. Left there 60 days since, ship Maria and Eliza, Downs, Boston; sch Racoon, Brigham of do Betsy, Spooner, of Providence.—Spoke nothing.

The Cyrus arrived here on Saturday, was originally bound from St Michaels to Liverpool, with a cargo of fruit, and commanded by Increase Blake; but captured by a French privateer last February, and carried into Nantz, where her cargo was condemned as British property, and the vessel acquitted. Capt Blake recovered by a judgment of the Marine Tribunal from the owners of the privateer his freight money with damages; but was detained a long time in France owing to the embargo after his vessel was liberated. The American consul at Nantz Mr P. F. Dobre, assisted capt Blake in a very friendly manner to get his vessel cleared and recover his freight money.

October 28.

This day arrived sloop Maria, capt Comery, 41 days from Senegal, (Africa) Left nor spoke no vessels.

Same day arrived, schr Commerce, Hathaway, from Gambia (Africa). Left no vessels there. Spoke brig Frederick, Cross, from Portland, bound to Demerara; and a schr from Georgetown, bound to Barbadoes, 42 days out.

This day arrived the ship Victory, from Newyork; sch Federal George from Baltimore; brig Maria, Hateh, from the Delewara; the Theeda, and Paulina, from Baltimore.

Capt Allen, in the brig Lilly, from Baltimore left Hampton Roads in co with the Constitution, and a Cutter, her tender, bound on a cruize; off the capes of Philadelphia, spoke the Delaware, capt Decatur; off Nantucket shoals fell in with and spoke the United States sloop of war Herald, capt Seaver, with the Pickering, capt Chapman in co, who were in a few days, to put into Newport for fresh orders

DONATIONS.

Received at Tents near Schuylkill, for the relief of the poor,

9 cwt. of buck wheat meal, 3 cwt. indian meal, 3-4 cwt. rye flour, and 1 dollar and 50 cents, from several of the inhabitants of Londongrove, Chester county, forwarded by Mr. John Jackson.

20 new flannel petticoats, and 20 shifts for children, from 9 years to 14, with a piece Joan's spinning, and 1 piece green binding, from several ladies of Bordentown.

November 2.

180 dollars, collected by virtue of two charity sermons preached by the Rev. Thomas Davis, Minister of the Episcopal Church, and the Rev. James Muir, Minister of the Presbyterian Church at Alexandria in Virginia, forwarded by Mr. Ebenezer Muir.

One bundle of warm cloathing for women, and for children, of from 4 to 12 years of age, from Mrs Jared Ingersoll.

54 pair women's yarn hose, 4 coverlids, and one piece white baize, from Mr John Evans, No. 58 south Second-street.

November 3.

4 c. 2 qrs of flour, and 90 dollars and 19 cents, from the inhabitants of Edgmont township Delaware county, forwarded by Mr. Benjamin Stokes.

By order of the Committee.

PETER MIERCKEN, Chairman.

DONATIONS.

Received at the Encampment at Masters' Place for the use of the Poor.

November 3.

A small bundle new clothes, from Mr. Jacob Lukens, Germantown.

15 cwt. rye meal, 2 barrels do. 5 1-2 bushels buckwheat meal, and 3 small bundles cloathing, collected in the neighborhood of Potts town, and forwarded by Mr. Samuel Baird.

5 bushels rye meal and 2 bushels indian meal, from Mr. Gilbert Kodman.

2 bushels rye meal, from Mr. John Allen.

2 bushels indian meal, from Mr. Abraham Vandegrift.

4 bushels indian meal. from Mr. Turner.

N. B. The four lastmentioned donations, were delivered by Mr. Asa Tomlinson of Bensalen township.

John Inskeep,
Jona. Robinson,
Isaac W. Morris, } *Committee.*

N. B. All persons to whom the Committee of the Encampment at Masters' Place are indebted, will please to call for settlement on

ISAAC W. MORRIS.
at his Brewery in Dock street.

DONATIONS,

Received by the committee appointed to relieve the sick and infirm poor in the city.

From Thomas Wister and Josh. Wain, 19 cord of Wood.

From Henry Toland, 60 dollars.

10th mo. 18th 1798.

Received since the 26th ultimo.

From W. M. B. of Fredericktown, Maryland, 20 dollars.

From I. D. of do. 10 dollars.

From Hannah Speakman, of this city, 15 dollars.

From C. P. of this city, 1 barrel pickled pork.

From Geo. Chapman, of do. 20 bushels of potatoes.

From ——— Cox, of Trenton, a quantity of wood.

From Andrew Ohl, collected from a number of the inhabitants of Lower Saxson township, Northampton county, about 6 cwt. rye flour, and 6 bushels potatoes.

From Wm. Webb, near Lancaster, 20 dollars.

By order of the committee,

EDW. GARRIGUES, President.

Attest,

P. BARKER, Clerk.

11th mo. 5th, 1798.

BILL OF MORTALITY,

Collected from the returns, and from the City Hospital report, published daily since the 7th of August, 1798, in this paper.

From the 1st to the 31st August, inclusive.

In the City Burial Grounds,

Adults.	*Child.*	
223	136	
		359

In City Hos. burying ground.

From city hospital,	112
city and suburbs,	152
	264
Total in August	623

From the 1st to the 31st August, inclusive.

In the City Burial Grounds,

Adults.	*Child.*	
223	136	
		359

In City Hos. burial ground.

From City Hospital,	112
City and Suburbs	152
	264
Total in August.	623

From the 1st to the 30th Sept. inclusive.

In the City Burial Grounds.

Adults.	*Child.*	
729	211	
		940

In the City Hos. burial Ground.

From City Hospital	275
City and Suburbs	616
	891
Total in September	1831

From the 1st to the 31st Oct. inclu.

In the City Burial Grounds.

Adults.	*Child.*	
393	111	
		404

In the City Hos. burial ground,

From City Hospital	126
City and Suburbs	312
	438
Total in October	942

From the 1st to the 3d Nov. inclu.

In the City Burial Grounds.

Adults.	*Child.*	
21	3	
		24

In the City Hos. burial ground.

From City Hospital	5
City and Suburbs	20
	25
Total in November,	50

Whole number of death 3445

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT.

	1793		1798
August	325		623
September	1442		1831
October	1903		942
From 1st to 9th Nov.	118	From 1st to 3d	50
Gross amount of Jews, Baptists, Methodists Free Quakers, & Roman Catholics.	164		
Total	4041		3446

A. D. A.

Forty Dollars Reward

FOR APPREHENDING

A GENTLEMAN NEGRO,

BY name GEORGE or GEORGE PARKER, the property of the subscriber, who has thought proper on the night of the 21st inst. to elope from his master without any provocation or just cause; he was formerly the property of Beckwith Butler, esq. and lived a considerable time with ——— Pottenger, who kept tavern in Fredericksburg, having seen much company and travelled with several gentlemen through different parts of this state, he is much known. It is therefore conjectured he will push for some of the northern cities or towns as he has discovered an aversion to plantation work, though he may perhaps have crossed the ridge where he has a brother belonging to major Butler.

This fellow is about five feet seven inches high, well proportioned and walks active and brisk, his countenance is open and agreeable enough when in good humour; he can hardly be surpast in shrewdness, and is a very capable waiting-man, house servant, barber, &c To describe his dress would be useless, as he possessed a variety of clothes, though when dressed lately, he wore a green coat bound with white ferreting and spotted jacket and breeches. Whoever brings him home or secures in goal in this or any other state the said slave, so that I may get him again, shall have the above reward. ALEXANDER VASS.

Fa'mouth Oct. 23, 1798.

N. B.—Masters of vessels and Stage Drivers are requested to beware of harbouring said fellow to impose on them by assisting his escape. *A. V.*

November 3 w&f.4w

*** The Offices of Government are to be removed from Trenton to the City on Thursday next.

INSURANCE OFFICE

of the State of Pennsylvania is removed to the south-east corner of Second and Walnut streets.

Nov. 5. d1w

The Insurance Office of

SHOEMAKER & BERRETT,

is again opened at no. 29 north Water street—Attendance will also be given at their room at the Coffee-house as usual, from 12 'till 2 o'clock.

11 mo: 5, 1798 d6t

A FURNISHED ROOM,

CONVENIENT for a small family, situated near this Office, wanted immediately. Enquire of the Printer.

November 5, 1798.

IMPORTED,

AND TO BE SOLD BY

CHARLES WHARTON,

[At his House, No. 136, South Second Street.]

Old Lisbon Wine,

Of the first quality, in pipes and quarter casks.

Tea China, assorted in boxes

Hyson
Hyson skin, and
Young Hyson } TEAS.

India Bandanna and Chopah Romal Silk Handkerchiefs.

Nankeens

Black Sattin

Black and coloured Lutestrings

Black sowing Silk

Garden Fans,—Silk Umbrellas, &c. &c.

November 5 ¶3t

AVIS AUX FRANCAIS.

Le Parlementaire le

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN,

CAPT. JONES,

Connu par sa marche supérieure, partira le 12 préfix, directement pour *Jérémie*; ceux qui désirent y prendre passage sont priés de se rendre à Philadelphie avant la dite époque.

S'adresser à New York chez Messieurs Blanchereau and Cazeneuve, James street, No. 20, and à Philadelphie chez Fis. Breuil, armateur dudit batiment Spruce street, No. 115.

le 5 nov. 1798 * d5t

AVIS AUX FRANCOIS,

Le Parlementaire

LA VICTOIRE,

d'une marche supérieure partira 15 préfix, directement pour le Port Republicain, ceux qui désirent y prendre passage sont priés de se rendre à Philadelphie avant la dite époque.

S'adresser à New York chez Messieurs Blanchereau and Cazeneuve, James street, No 20, and à Philadelphie chez Fs. Breuil, Armateur du dit batiment Spruce street, No. 115.

Le 5 Novembre, 1798 * d5t

Wanted to Charter,

FOR BALTIMORE,

A SMALL VESSEL,

FROM four to five hundred barrels burden. PETER BLIGHT.

Whose COUNTING HOUSE

has opened, as usual, this day.

JOHN DOBBIN,

BOOT & SHOEMAKER.

RESPECTFULLY informs his Friends and the Public in general that he carries on his business at No 99 *South Second-street*, nearly opposite the Merchants Coffee-house where gentlemen may be supplied in the neatest and best manner—he assures those who may please to favor him with their commands that no attention or exertion on his side shall be wanting to render him worthy of their encouragement.

N. B. Orders received will be punctually attended to.

november 5 §

*** The CUSTOM HOUSE is removed from Chester to the City, and is again opened at the usual place.

November 3 §

REMOVAL.

THE SUBSCRIBERS have removed their Office from the corner of Eleventh Street, to their former Counting House, No. 21, Penn Street.

Willings & Francis.

November 3 §

DR. YEATMAN'S

Anti-pestilential Preservative and anti-bilious Pills,

ARE earnestly recommended at this Season, against the Fevers that prevail. Prepared and sold only by the Subscriber, who feels it necessary to embrace this opportunity of acquainting the Public, that he received a regular education in the different Branches of

Physick, Surgery, & Midwifery,

Under his Father, and other eminent men in the cities of London and Bristol, and (in the course of twenty-eight years) has seen the many good effects of this incomparable medicine, in Bilious, Jaundice, or Hepatic cases, Dropsy, Rheumatism, Lues-Venerea, Scurvy, Worm cases, Malignant and other Diseases, proceeding from acrimony and obstruction.

THE PILLS

Are prepared according to true medical principles, and may be safely taken by the most delicate In boxes of a quarter dollar, and half a dollar, with directions, and sealed with his crest, cypher, and motto. None else are Genuine.

N. B. The anti-pestilential preservative, was used with great success at London, Marseilles, Bristol, and other Cities, when they were respectively visited with the PLAGUE.

In bottles of a quarter dollar and half a dollar, with Directions, and the Corks sealed as above.

CHARLETON YEATMAN.

South East corner of Lombard and Second streets, New Market.

october 2 taw. tu

A young woman from England,

would wish to engage with a lady in the capacity of lady's-maid, or in the situation of a house keeper to a genteel family, or to a single gentleman.—A good recommendation can be procured from some of the most respectable families in this city. For particulars enquire at the printing office of this Gazette.

October 31. co3t

PROPOSALS,

BY THE

Insurance Company of North America.

For INSURANCE against FIRE, on Dwelling-Houses, Ware-Houses, and other Buildings (and on Goods contained in such Buildings) distant from Philadelphia, in the United States.

I. Common Insurances, on hazards of the first class, will be undertaken at a premium of about half per cent. per annum. For extra hazardous risques a larger premium will be required, which will vary according to circumstances, seldom exceeding one per cent. per annum; but in some instances, where the property insured is not only in itself extra hazardous, but rendered still more so by the vicinity of extra hazardous buildings and occupations, the premium demanded will be raised according to circumstances.

Houses and Ware-Houses, the walls and partitions of which are wholly of stone or brick, well constructed, so as to be guarded as well as may be against fires from within, and free from extra hazardous buildings and occupations in their neighborhood, will be deemed hazardous of the first class, and may be insured to their full value.

Also Goods and Merchandize, not of an extra hazardous kind, in casks, bales, or packages, deposited in such buildings, to an amount not exceeding 4000 dollars; but if more than this sum is required to be insured in one tenement, an additional premium will be required, in proportion to circumstances.

II. Insurances will also be made on buildings and goods extra hazardous, at premiums proportioned to the risque. But it is not easy to arrange these under particular heads or classes, so as to describe each with the necessary accuracy. Each case must therefore be decided upon according to the circumstances attending it; and these circumstances will, in general, appear from the description accompanying the application.

Buildings partly constructed of brick or stone, are preferable to those wholly wooden. And in both cases, the stile of building, how they are occupied, how they are situated, the neighboring buildings, and how occupied, are considerations to be taken into view. And with respect to goods, their tendency, whether from their nature, or from the manner in which they are exposed, either to commence or to increase an accidental fire, and their liability in such state to receive damage by wet, or by sudden and hasty removal, or to be stolen in time of confusion and hurry, are all circumstances of weight; and the premiums must be proportioned accordingly.

III. The following conditions are to be understood by the parties.

1st. The Insurance is not binding till the stipulated premium be paid; but it shall be deemed effectual from the time of such payment and acceptance thereof, whether the policy be immediately signed or not.

2d. Insurances may be renewed at the expiration of the term of the policy, without further expense than the payment of the premium of the renewed term, the circumstances continuing the same as they were understood by the Insurers at the time the former insurance was made; but the payment of the premium is essential to such renewal; and if the party insured suffers any time to elapse after the expiration of the former insurance, before he pays a premium for the renewal, he is not insured during such time; nor can the insurance be renewed on the former policy but by computing the commencement of the renewal from the expiration of the former insurance. The subject of insurance may nevertheless be open to treaty for a new insurance.

3d. If any other insurance be made on the same property; it must be made known at the time of application, otherwise the policy made on such application will be void.

4th. Goods held in trust, or on consignment, may be insured as such in a separate policy; but they are not to be considered as insured otherwise.

5th. This company will not be liable or accountable for any loss or damage occasioned by any foreign invasion, or by any military or usurped force or by reason of any civil commotion; or occasioned by gunpowder, aquafortis or other thing of the like kind kept in the building, or amongst the property insured.

6th. Bills of Exchange, Bonds and other Securities, Title Deeds, Money, Bank and other promissory Notes, are not included in any insurance; nor are paintings, medals, jewels, gems, antique curiosities, or mirrors exceeding the value of twenty-five dollars each, to be considered as insured unless particularly mentioned and by special agreement.

7th. No insurance will be made for a shorter term than one year, nor for a longer term than seven years. Persons choosing to insure for seven years shall be allowed one year's premium by way of discount: One third of a years premium shall be abated in like manner on an insurance for three years.

8th. Losses sustained by fire on property insured, shall be paid in thirty days after due proof and liquidation thereof, without deduction.

A description of the property to be insured will be expected with each application, to be made by a master carpenter and signed by him, as well as by the owner of the building or applicant for insurance, and attested before a Notary or principal Magistrate, who will certify his knowledge of the parties and their credibility.

With respect to Houses and other Buildings.

1st. The site and position; describing the street or road on or near which the building stands; its contiguity to water, and other circumstances relative to the extinguishment of fire in case of accident; and particularly whether any and what fire companies are established, and engines provided, in the place or neighbourhood.

2d. The materials of which it is built, whether of brick, stone or wood, and what part of each, as well as to the outside walls as inside or partition walls, and their respective height and thickness; the style of the roof and of what materials; how secured by battlements or party walls; what kind of access to the top of the house and to the chimnies; whether any and what electric rods; the number and kind of fire places; and the kind of deposit for ashes.

3d. The dimensions of the building and how divided, and the style in which it is finished so as to enable indifferent persons to judge in what manner it is to be repaired or rebuilt in case of injury; the age and condition of the building, and how occupied, whether merely as a dwelling house, or for any other, and for what purpose; also an estimate of the value of the house or building independent of the ground.

4th. The situation with respect to other buildings or back buildings, whether adjoining or not, comprehending at least one hundred feet each way: what kind of buildings are within that distance, how built, of what materials, and how occupied or improved, whether as dwellings for private families or otherwise: whether any and what trade or manufactory is carried on, and particularly whether there be any extra hazardous articles used, or usually deposited in the house, or within the distance aforesaid, and of what kind.

Respecting *goods* in Houses, Warehouses, &c.

1. A general description of the building in which they are kept will be expected, similar in all respects, as to the danger from fire, with that required for Insurance on the buildings themselves.

2. A description of the kinds and nature of the goods, whether in casks or other packages, or opened; and whether displayed in whole pieces or in the usual form for retailing. And if the goods vary materially in kind, a general estimate of the value of each kind proposed to be insured; but in the last particular minuteness of description is not expected.

3. Articles of the following kinds are deemed extra hazardous, though in various degrees, in whatever building they may be placed, viz. pitch, tar, turpentine, rosin, wax, tallow, oil, inflammable spirits, sulphur, hemp, flax, cotton, dry goods of an inflammable kind opened.—Glass, china ware or porcelain, especially unpacked; Looking glasses, jewelery; and all other articles more than commonly inflammable, or more than commonly liable to injury by sudden removal or by moistures, or particularly obnoxious to theft on an alarm of fire.

Letters post paid, directed to the Secretary of the Board of Directors, will be duly attended to. An *order* for Insurance accompanied by the means of paying the premium, will be immediately executed on the premium being paid. If the application contain an *enquiry* only, it will be answered.

By order of the Board,
EBENEZER HAZARD, *Sec'ry.*

Office of the Insurance Company *of* North America; *Philad. Feb.* 1, 1798.
Feb. 14. 1amtf

Bank of Pennsylvania,

September 3d, 1798.

WHEREAS the House at present occupied by the Bank of Pennsylvania was entered on the night of the first instant, by some villains, who robbed the institution of sundry Bank Notes, amongst which were the following post notes of the Bank of New-York, viz.

No 1002,	dated 23d of August, 1798,	*Dolls*		
	issued in favor of Seabring & Van Wyck, for			396 22
No 1003,	dated 25th of August, 1798, issued in favor of Montgomery and Newbold for			1250
No 1006,	27th	do.	do.	do. 2000
1007,	do.	do.	do.	do. 2000
1008,	do.	do.	do.	do. 2000
1009,	do.	do.	do.	do. 2000
1010,	28th	do.	do.	do. 2000
1011,	do.	do.	do.	do. 2000
1012,	30th	do.	do.	do. 1500
1013,	do.	do.	do.	do. 1000

Also sundry post notes of the Bank of Pennsylvania, dated 23d July 1797, issued in favor of George Hughes, for one thousand dollars each, and sundry post notes of said Bank, dated 15th of July, 1797, issued in favor of Geo. Hughes, for five hundred dollars each, and indorsed by him. The public are hereby cautioned against receiving the said notes, and a reward of *TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS* is hereby offered for the discovery and conviction of the villains who perpetrated or are concerned in the said robbery, in addition to the reward offered by the Governor of the Commonwealth in his Proclamation of this day.

By order of the Board,
JONATHAN SMITH, cashier.

Mills, Portage, &c.

TO BE LEASED FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

TO be leased, for a term not less than three, nor more than seven years, a VALUABLE PROPERTY at the Seneca-Falls, in the county of Onondago, and state of New-York, on the Banks of the Seneca-river, two miles west of the Cayuga-ferry, and eleven miles east of Geneva.

This establishment consists of an excellent grist mill, saw mill, dwelling house, barn, and a portage or carrying place, with between thirty and forty acres of land, under good improvement, and as much more in the vicinity, as may be required for future improvement.

The grist mill is a handsome, new and well finished building, of 50 by 30 feet, 3 stories high and furnished with a run of excellent Burr stones and another of Esopus' stones, of the best quality—and the most approved boults, &c. calculated to make all the different qualities of flour for exportation or for home consumption: It is accessible by water from every part of the Cayuga lake and Seneca-river, as well as from the Seneca-lake—and from its situation, commands a very extensive and encreasing custom: The stream on which it stands, being the outlet of the Seneca-lake, the mill can never be in want of water; and as it has been kept working during the severest season of the last winter, it is not liable to be impeded by frost:

The saw mill is also new, situated on the same stream, now furnished with an ample stock of logs, of which a supply may at all times be procured by land or water, of the best quality:

The dwelling house is well calculated for the use of the miller, is new, and sufficiently large: The barn is about 40 feet square, and entirely new:

The portage is 5-4ths of a mile in length, along the Seneca-falls—over which were passed in the last year, nearly two hundred boats with their contents; this object is already productive of a handsome income, which must be increasing and permanent:

Among the many advantages of this situation, must be numbered the fertility of the surrounding country—being the best improved part of the county of Onondaga—the concentration of intercourse by land and water, the Geneseee flatteroad passing through it, as well as all water carriage to Geneva, and the counties of Ontario and Steuben; which renders it a most eligible stand for a Store or Tavern—The river and lakes abound in fish and fowl, and the country with deer and other game.

Besides the mills already erected at this place, it is calculated for any additional water works that may be found necessary—Fulling mill, bark mill tannery, forges, &c. may be erected at a small expence—Iron ore may be brought in boats from the Cayuga lake; and it is thought to abound in the neighborhood.

The stock on hand will be sold to the lessee, and the cattle, utensils, smith's forge, &c. may be sold or let the premises.

If a purchase should offer for the whole or an undivided part of the premises it will be sold.

For terms of sale or lease, apply to mr. WILHELMUS MYNDERSE, at the Seneca falls, or to the subscriber, at Schenectady.

STEPHEN N. BAYARD.
june 25 2aw2m

Mails for South-Carolina & Georgia,

PACKETS are now provided for carrying the Public mails by water between Philadelphia and Charleston. They will leave Philadelphia on Friday's. The post by land will be continued twice a week until an experiment is made in regard to the expedition and regularity of the packets. If any person chuses to have their letters sent by land only, they will please to write the word *Land* upon the letters: otherwise they will be sent by that conveyance which will first start after the letters are left in the post-office.

Joseph Habersham,
Post-Master Gemerl.

Philadelphia, August 13, 1798.

WILLIAM M'LAWS,

SADLER & HARNESS MAKER,

HAS Removed to the Corner of Chesnut and Twelfth-streets, on the Commons, where he will receive and execute the orders of his friends and wholesale customers, with usual attention & expedition during the prevalence of the present Epidemic, where it has not made its appearance this season, nor during any of the years [illegible]
august 25

Bengal Goods,

CONSISTING OF

BANDANNA HANDKERCHIEFS,	
Chintz Cossas	Maharazgungy
Chintz Guzzinas	Tookereys
Eliabad Baftas	Wrought Muslins
Long Drawers	

Coarse Sugars in bags, fit for the European markets

ALSO,

Carolina Indigo
Coffee in hogsheads

A few pipes of very old and very choice Madeira WINE.

For Sale, on reasonable terms, by
John Craig,
No. 12, Dock-street.
july 14 mwstf

Ten Dollars Reward.

DESERTED from the Guard House in New-Castle, this morning, STEPHEN BOWDEN a private Marine, belonging to the Frigate United States. He is about 36 years of age, five feet ten inches high, fair complexion, light hair, blue eyes, born in England, and by trade a Bricklayer. Prior to the 5th of June, the date of his enlistment, he resided in Philadelphia, where it is probable he will endeavour to go. Any person who will apprehend the said deserter, and secure him in any jail within the United States, shall be entitled to the above reward.

F. WHARTON, Capt. Marines.
New-Castle, Oct. 8.

DUTY ON CARRIAGES.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT agreeably to an act of Congress of the United States of America, passed at Philadelphia the 28th day of May, 1796, laying duties on carriages for the conveyance of persons, and repealing the former acts for that purpose—That there shall be levied, collected and paid, upon all carriages for the conveyance of persons, which shall be kept by or for any person, for his or her own use, or to let out to hire, or for the conveying of passengers, the several duties and rates following, viz.

	dolls.
For and upon every coach	15
upon every chariot	12
upon every post chariot	12
upon every post chaise	12
upon every phaeton, with or without top	9
upon every coachee	9
upon other carriages, having pannel work above, with blinds, glasses, or curtains	9
upon four-wheel carriages, having frame posts and tops, with steel springs	6
upon four-wheel top carriages, with wooden or iron springs on jacks	3
upon curricles with tops	3
upon chaises with tops	3
upon chairs with tops	3
upon sulkies with tops	3
upon other two wheel top carriages	3
upon two wheel carriages with steel or iron springs	3
For and upon all other two wheel carriages	2
upon every four wheeled carriage, having framed posts and tops, and resting upon wooden spars	2

The Collector of the revenue of the first division of the first survey of the district of Pennsylvania, will attend daily until the 30th day of September next, for the purpose of receiving the duties on carriages, at Germantown, on the Main street, a little above the sign of the King of Prussia, of which all persons possessed of such carriages are desired to take notice.

Notice is also given,

To all retail dealers in wines and foreign distilled spirituous liquors, that licenses will be granted to them; one licence for carrying on the business of retailing of wines in a less quantity, or in less quantities, than 30 gallons—and one licence for carrying on the business of retailing spirituous liquors in less quantities than twenty gallons, at the same time and at the same place, by

JAMES ASH,
Collector of the 1st division of the 1st Survey of the district of Pennsylvania.

Office of Inspection at Germantown, 22d August, 1798.

☞ Every denomination of Stamps to be had at said office.

☞ The Stamp Press is removed to the Office of Inspection in Germantown, on the Main Street, a little above the sign of the King of Prussia,—where attendance will be given for the accommodation of those who wish any instruments stamped, on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
ugusta 22

Wants Employment,

A YOUNG MAN, who has served a regular apprenticeship to the mercantile business in this city, wishes to engage in a Counting house or office, writes a good hand and understands accounts, can be well recommended and security given if required. Enquire at the office of this Gazette.
june 21 3awtf

Baskenridge—for sale

IT consists of 920 acres, almost all of which is a fine rich Meadow, (the residence of the late Earl of Sterling). It may be conveniently divided into five farms, four of which are bounded on the East by the river Passaick.

There are on it a number of buildings, forming a square of nearly three acres—The dwelling house is a very convenient one, and a small expence would put it in complete repair.

The orchard consists of 1500 fine bearing engrafted Apple Trees—and there is on other parts of said tract near 300 other Apple Trees—as also a great variety of other fruits, particularly Cherries of the best and most delicious kinds.

Also, a great number of beautiful Exotics and Forest Trees, that add to the beauty and convenience of the place. Its situation is about 18 miles from the towns of Newark and Elizabeth: to do. from Morris-Town, and 12 from Springfield—It is wooded and watered.

To save trouble, the price is five pound pr. acre in cash, on delivery of the deeds. Please to enquire of T. McEUEN & Co.
No. 78, Chesnut treet.
ebruary 2. eodtf

Patent Ploughs,

TO be sold for cash by Joseph Salter at Atsion Richard Wells, Cooper's Ferry—Jonathan Harker, Woodbury—and Jesse Evans, Lumberton. Those who have used them give them the preference to any other kind, as they require less team, break the ground better, are kept in order at less expence and are sold at a cheaper rate—the plan is much simplified and consists of but one piece of cast iron, with the handles and beam of wood; they may be fixed with wrought lays and coulters to be put on with screws and taken off at pleasure

Patent rights for vending with instructions for making them may be had by applying to John Newbold, or the subscriber No. 212 North Front-street.

Who has for Sale;
Or to Lease for a term of Years,

A number of valuable tracts of Land, well situated for Mills, Iron Works or Farms, mostly improved, lying chiefly in the county of Huntingdon state of Pennsylvania. Those who may incline to view them will please to apply to John Canan esq. near Huntingdon.

Charles Newbold.
july 17 2awtf

PROCLAMATION.

BY virtue of a precept from JOHN D. COXE, Esquire, president of the court of Oyer and Terminer and general goal delivery for the trial of all capital and other offences in the county of Bucks; and HENRY WYNKOOP and FRANCIS MURRAY, judges of the same court—A court of Oyer and Terminer, and general goal delivery, will be held at Newtown, in the said county of Bucks, on Monday the 5th day of November next. All those who will prosecute against the prisoners in the goal of said county, are required to be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just—and all the judices of the peace, coroners and constables, within the said county, are required to be then and there, in their proper persons, with their rolls, records, inquisitions and examinations and other their remembrances, to do those things which to their offices belong, in that behalf to be done, &c. DANIEL THOMAS, sheriff.
Oct. 4, 1798. 3taw

FOR SALE, BY

JOHN MILLER, JUN.

NO. 8, CHESNUT STREET,

100 hogsheads RUM,

Of high proof and fine flavour
july 19

AN ACT

For the relief of the Refugees from the British provinces of Canada and Nova-Scotia.

SEC. 1. BE *it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled*, That to satisfy the claims of certain persons claiming lands under the resolutions of Congress, of the twenty-third of April, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-three, and the thirteenth of April one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five, refugees from the British provinces of Canada and Nova-Scotia, the Secretary for the Department of War, be, and is hereby authorized and directed to give notice in one or more of the public papers of each of the States of Vermont, Massachusetts, New-York, New-Hampshire and Pennsylvania, to all persons having claims under the said resolutions, to transmit to the War-office, within two years after the passing of this act, a just and true account of the claims to the bounty of Congress.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That no other persons shall be entitled to the benefit of the provisions of this act, than those of the following descriptions, or their widows and heirs, viz. First, those heads of families, and single persons, or members of any such families, who were residents in one of the provinces aforesaid, prior to the fourth day of July, one thousand seven hundred and seventy-six, and who abandoned their settlements, in consequence of having given aid to the United Colonies or States, in the revolutionary War against Great-Britain, or with intention to give such aid, and continued in the United States, or in their service, during the said war, and did not return to reside in the dominions of the king of Great-Britain, prior to the twenty-fifth of November, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-three. Secondly, the widows and heirs of all such persons as were actual residents, as aforesaid, who abandoned their settlements, as aforesaid, and died within the United States, or in their service during the said war: and thirdly, all persons who were members of families at the time of their coming into the United States, and who during the war, entered into their service.

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That the proof of the several circumstances necessary to entitle the applicants to the benefits of this act, may be taken before a judge of the supreme or district court of the United States, or a judge of the supreme or superior court, or the first justice or first judge of the court of common pleas or county court of any State.

SEC. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That at the expiration of fifteen months from and after the passing of this act, and from time to time thereafter it shall be the duty of the Secretary for the Department of War, to lay such evidence of claims as he may have received, before the Secretary and Comptroller of the Treasury, and with them, proceed to examine the testimony, and give their judgment what quantity of land ought to be allowed to the individual claimants, in proportion to the degree of their respective services, sacrifices and sufferings, in consequence of their attachment to the cause of the United States; allowing to those of the first class a quantity not exceeding one thousand acres; and to the last class, a quantity not exceeding one hundred, making such intermediate classes as the resolutions aforesaid, and distributive justice, may, in their judgment require, and make report thereof, to Congress. And in case any such claimant shall have sustained such losses and sufferings, or performed such services for the United States, that he cannot justly be classed in any one general class, a separate report shall be made of his circumstances, together with the quantity of land that ought to be allowed him, having reference to the foregoing ratio: *Provided*, that in considering what compensation ought to be made by virtue of this act, all grants except military grants, which may have been made by the United States, or individual States, shall be considered at the just value thereof, at the time the same were made, respectively, either in whole or in part, as the case may be, a satisfaction to those who may have received the same: *Provided also*, that no claim under this law, shall be assignable until after report made to Congress, as aforesaid, and until the said lands be granted to the persons entitled to the benefit of this act.

SEC. 5. *Be it further enacted*, That all claims in virtue of said resolutions of Congress, which shall not be exhibited as aforesaid, within the time by this act limited, shall forever thereafter be barred.

JONATHAN DAYTON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives
TH: JEFFERSON,
Vice-President of the United States, and President of the Senate.

Approved, April 7, 1798.
JOHN ADAMS,
President of the United States.

Deposited among the Rolls in the office of the Department of State,
TIMOTHY PICKERING,
Secretary of State.

☞ *Pursuant to the above Act*, Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims under the resolutions of Congress, of the 23d of April, 1783, and the 13th of April, 1785, to transmit to the War-Office within two years after the passing of the said Act, *viz.* the 7th day of April, 1798, a just and true account of their claims to the bounty of Congress.

In the proof of Claims, a strict attention must be paid to the requisitions of the 2d and 3d Sections of the Act.

JAMES M'HENRY,
Secretary of War.
july 19 3aw6w

ANOTHER STRONG PROOF

Of the great and unparalleled efficay of

DR. CHURCH's COUGH DROPS,

In the Cure of

Coughs, Colds, Asthmas & Consumptions.

New-York, July 10, 1798.

To DR. CHURCH,

Sir,

For upwards of *Twelve Years*, I have laboured under a severe Cough, shortness of breath spitting of matter from my lungs and often of clotted blood, till at length I was so reduced as to be unable to walk across my room, and owing to the violence of my cough and the shortness of breath could get no rest day or night.—Hearing of your excellent medicine, the Cough Drops, I procured a bottle; I took a dose as soon as I got it, from which I found instantaneous relief, and by continuing it for three days, I bless God I am restored to perfect health. As I believe you to have been the instrument in the hands of Providence, of saving my life, I must intreat you to publish this for the benefit of any who may be in my situation, as I am confident it is one of the best medicines in the world for those complaints.

I am, Sir, your grateful servant
NICHOLAS STAGG,
Little Robinson-Street.

CHURCH's COUGH DROPS,

Are prepared and sold by the Inventor and sole proprietor, Dr CHURCH, at his Dispensary, Washington-street, New-York, and at his office, No 1, South Third-street, Philadelphia, and sold by appointment at Mr Weedman's 118 William-street, and Stilwell & Desforest, 162 Pearl-street, New-York. Mancius, Albany, Price, Baltimore, Thomas, Alexandria, Wilson, Wilmington, &c. &c.

OBSERVE,

As a counterfeit preparation of this medicine has been industriously circulated through some of the principal cities in the United States, persons are requested to purchase them of such persons only as have Dr Church's appointment for vending the same. Powers, Poughkeepsie—Chappel, Head of Elk—Bond and Co. Newcastle—Heinitsh, Lancaster—Blauvelt, Brunswick (N. J.) Gordon, Trenton, &c.

*** Patients letters (Post-paid) addressed to Dr Church, New-York, duly attended to.
august 20 2aw3w

This Day Published,

And for sale at the Office of the Editor, No. 119 Chesnut-street,

(Price 1-8th of a Dollar,)

AN ORATION,

Pronounced July 4, 1798,

At the request of the Inhabitants of the Town of *BOSTON*, in commemoration of the anniversary of American Independence.

By JOSIAH QUINCY.

"The inroads upon our public liberty, call for reparation—The wrongs we have sustained, call for—*Justice*. That Reparation and that Justice, may yet be obtained, by *Union, Spirit*, and *Firmness*. But to *divide* and *conquer* was the maxim of the devil in the garden of Eden, and to *disunite* and *enslave* hath been the principle of all *his* votaries from that period to the present."

Observations on the Boston Port-Bill, &c. p. 78 *by the late J. Quincy, jun.*
august 11

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,

JUNE 27, 1798.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That by virtue of an act, passed during the present session of Congress, so much of the act entituled "An Act making further provision for the support of public credit, and for the redemption of the public debt"—passed the third day of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five, as bars from settlement or allowance, Certificates, commonly called Loan Office and final settlement Certificates, and Indents of interests, is suspended until the twelfth day of June, which will be in the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety nine.

That on the liquidation and settlement of the said Certificates, and Indents of Interest, at the Treasury, the Creditors will be entitled to receive Certificates of funded Three Per Cent. Stock equal to the amount of the said Indents, and the arrearages of interest due on their said Certificates, prior to the first day of January one thousand seven hundred and ninety one.

That the principal sums of the said Loan Office and final settlement Certificates, with the interest thereon, since the first day of January, one thousand seven hundred and ninety one, will be discharged after liquidation at the Treasury, by the payment of interest and reimbursement of principal, equal to the sums which would have been payable thereon, if the said Certificates had been subscribed, pursuant to the Acts making provision for the debts of the United States, contracted during the late war, and by the payment of other sums, equal to the market value of the remaining Stock, which would have been created by such subscriptions as aforesaid, which market value will be determined by the Comptroller of the Treasury.

OLIVER WOLCOTT,
Secretary of the Treasury.
june 28 1awtf

TO BE SOLD,

THE time of an indented Dutch Servant BOY, who has ten years to serve. He has had the small pox and measles, is active, hearty and strong, and fit for house work in town or country. For further information, enquire of the printer.
august 4 3

HEALTH OFFICE.

Philadelphia, 1st May, 1798.

Extract of an act to alter and amend the Health Laws of this Commonwealth, passed 4th April 1798.

Sect. 8. AND be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That every housekeeper within the city of Philadelphia, the townships of the Northern Liberties and Moyamensing, and district of Southwark, within a mile of the limits of the city, taking in boarders arriving by sea or by land, from any foreign port or place, and having any boarder in his or her family, who shall be taken sick of any disease whatsoever, between the first day of May and the first day of November in any year, within twenty days next after such boarder shall come to lodge in his or her house, shall within 24 hours next after the knowledge of such sickness, make report at the Health-Office of the name of such sick person, the time of his or her arrival at the house and of his or her being taken sick, and of the name and place of abode of such housekeeper; whereupon the Physician of the Health-Office shall forthwith visit the patient, and report to the office his opinion of the nature of such disease, that measures may be taken to prevent the spreading of the infection; and if any housekeeper shall neglect to give information in the manner and within the time aforesaid, and shall be thereof convicted, in any court of criminal jurisdiction within this Commonwealth upon indictment by verdict or confession, he or she shall forfeit and pay a fine to the use of the said hospital, not less than twenty dollars, nor more than one hundred dollars, to be imposed at the discretion of the court, according to the circumstances of greater or less aggravation attending each particular case.

By order of the Board of Health,
WM. ALLEN, Health Officer,
12aw3m of the Port of Philadelphia.